

# SINOPEC DAYLIGHT ENERGY LTD. 2020 ANNUAL SUMMARY RESERVE REPORT





#### **Disclosure of Reserves Data**

The reserves data (the "Reserves Data") set forth below in this reserves report (the "Report") for Sinopec Daylight Energy Ltd. ("Sinopec Daylight" or the "Company") is based upon an independent evaluation by McDaniel & Associates Consultants Limited ("McDaniel") with an effective date of December 31, 2020 contained in the McDaniel reserve report ("McDaniel Report") dated February 25, 2021. The opening reserves balances represent the reserves for Sinopec Daylight at December 31, 2019. The Reserves Data summarizes the crude oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas reserves of the Company and the net present values of future net revenue for these reserves using forecast prices and costs. The McDaniel Report has been prepared in accordance with the standards contained in the COGE Handbook and National Instrument 51-101 – *Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities*. We engaged McDaniel to provide an evaluation of proved and proved plus probable reserves and no request was made to evaluate possible reserves.

All of Sinopec Daylight's reserves are in Canada, and specifically in the provinces of Alberta and British Columbia.

It should not be assumed that the estimates of future net revenues presented in the tables below represent the fair market value of the reserves. There is no assurance that the forecast prices and costs assumptions will be attained and variances could be material. The recovery and reserve estimates of Sinopec Daylight's crude oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas reserves provided herein are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves will be recovered. Actual crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids reserves may be greater than or less than the estimates provided herein.

#### **Abbreviations and Conversions**

ADR	Abandonment, Decommissioning, Reclamation
AECO	physical storage and trading hub for natural gas on the TransCanada Alberta Transmission System (NOVA) which is the
	delivery point for the various Alberta index prices
API	American Petroleum Institute
API	measure of the density or gravity of liquid petroleum products derived from a specific gravity
Bbl	barrel
Bbl/d	barrels per day
Bcf	billion cubic feet
boe	barrels of oil equivalent converting 6 Mcf of natural gas or one barrel of natural gas liquids to one barrel of oil equivalent
boe/d	barrels of oil equivalent per day
GJ	Gigajoule
HVL	high value liquids, includes light oil, condensate, and pentane
MBbl	one thousand barrels
Mboe	
	one thousand barrels of oil equivalent
MMboe	one million barrels of oil equivalent
Mcf	one thousand cubic feet
m <sup>3</sup>	cubic meters
Mcf/d	one thousand cubic feet per day
MMBtu	one million British Thermal Units
MMcf	one million cubic feet
MMcf/d	one million cubic feet per day
MMBbl	one million barrels
M\$	one thousand dollars
MM\$	one million dollars
NGLs	natural gas liquids
WTI	West Texas Intermediate crude oil that serves as the benchmark crude oil for the NYMEX crude oil contract delivered
	in Cushing, Oklahoma



### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained within this Report constitute forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or future performance. All statements other than statements of historical fact may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "seek", "anticipate", "budget", "plan", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "may", "will", "project", "predict", "potential", "targeting", "intend", "could", "might", "should", "believe" and similar expressions. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. We believe the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements included in this Report should not be unduly relied upon. These statements speak only as of the date of this Report.

The actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in forward-looking statements as a result of certain risk factors, including those set forth below:

- volatility in market prices for oil, NGLs and natural gas;
- counterparty credit risk;
- changes or fluctuations in oil, NGLs and natural gas production levels;
- infrastructure or transportation constraints for oil, NGLs or natural gas;
- liabilities inherent in and as a result of oil and natural gas operations;
- adverse regulatory rulings, orders and decisions;
- attracting, retaining and motivating skilled personnel;
- uncertainties associated with estimating oil and natural gas reserves;
- fluctuations in foreign exchange or interest rates;
- actions by governmental or regulatory authorities including changes in royalty structures and programs and income tax laws or changes in tax laws and incentive programs relating to the oil and natural gas industry generally;
- limitations on insurance;
- changes in accounting policies and standards;
- changes in environmental or other legislation applicable to our operations including environmental laws and regulations associated with drilling and completion technologies, and our ability to comply with current and future environmental and other laws; and
- geological, technical, drilling and processing problems and other difficulties in producing oil, NGLs and natural gas reserves.

Statements relating to "reserves" or "resources" are by their nature deemed to be forward-looking statements as they involve the implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions that the resources and reserves described can be profitably produced in the future.



The following table sets forth certain standard conversions between Standard Imperial Units and the International System of Units (or metric units).

To Convert From	То	Multiply By
cubic meters	cubic feet	35.315
Mcf	cubic meters	28.174
Bbl	cubic meters	0.159
cubic meters	Bbl	6.290
Feet	Meters	0.305
Meters	Feet	3.281
Miles	Kilometers	1.609
Kilometers	Miles	0.621
Acres	Hectares	0.405
Hectares	Acres	2.471

#### Summary of Reserves

The following tables summarize, as at December 31, 2020, Sinopec Daylight's oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas reserves and the estimated net present values of future net cash revenues associated with such reserves, together with certain information, estimates and assumptions associated with such reserve estimates, as contained in the McDaniel Report. The data contained in the tables set out below is a summary of the evaluations, and as a result, the numbers in the tables may not add due to rounding.

Reserves	Light and Medium Oil		Heavy	Oil	Tight Oil	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)
Proved						
Developed producing	5,056	4,420	-	1	103	100
Developed non-producing	964	856	24	24	-	-
Undeveloped	1,192	923	-	-	-	-
Total Proved	7,212	6,199	24	25	103	100
Probable	3,012	2,489	7	7	6,809	5,845
Total proved plus probable	10,224	8,688	31	33	6,912	5,945

Reserves	<b>Conventional Natural Gas</b>		Coalbed Methane		Shale Gas	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)
Proved						
Developed producing	86,374	79,022	135	127	88,714	82,454
Developed non-producing	4,850	4,436	-	-	-	-
Undeveloped	22,499	20,808	-	-	280,454	264,325
Total Proved	113,722	104,266	135	127	369,168	346,780
Probable	55,798	50,969	37	34	759,115	709,524
Total proved plus probable	169,521	155,236	172	161	1,128,283	1,056,303

## **Reserves Information**



Reserves	Natural Gas	Liquids	Tota	I
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(Mboe)	(Mboe)
Proved				
Developed producing	9,274	7,346	43,637	38,801
Developed non-producing	389	279	2,185	1,899
Undeveloped	24,182	21,015	75,866	69,461
Total Proved	33,845	28,640	121,688	110,160
Probable	58,048	47,996	203,701	183,092
Total proved plus probable	91,894	76,636	325,389	293,252

#### Net Present Value of Future Net Revenue (before income taxes)

(000s) discounted at	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
Proved					
Developed producing	\$(439,507)	\$12,293	\$106,075	\$127,631	\$130,730
Developed non-producing	\$41,540	\$34,030	\$28 <i>,</i> 598	\$24,509	\$21,335
Undeveloped	\$527,627	\$274,899	\$136,100	\$56,111	\$8,320
Total Proved	\$129,660	\$321,222	\$270,773	\$208,251	\$160,385
Probable	\$2,255,782	\$1,265,626	\$763,907	\$487,823	\$325,508
Total proved plus probable	\$2,385,442	\$1,586,848	\$1,034,680	\$696,074	\$485,893

#### Net Present Value of Future Net Revenue (after income taxes)

(000s) discounted at	0%	5%	10%	15%	20%
Proved					
Developed producing	\$(439,507)	\$12,293	\$106,075	\$127,631	\$130,730
Developed non-producing	\$41,540	\$34,030	\$28,598	\$24,509	\$21,335
Undeveloped	\$527,627	\$274,899	\$136,100	\$56,111	\$8,320
Total Proved	\$129,660	\$321,222	\$270,773	\$208,251	\$160,385
Probable	\$2,255,782	\$1,265,626	\$763,907	\$487,823	\$325,508
Total proved plus probable	\$2,385,442	\$1,586,848	\$1,034,680	\$696,074	\$485,893

#### Future Net Revenue (undiscounted)

						Future Net		Future Net
			Operating	Development	ADR <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>Revenue Before</b>	Income	<b>Revenue After</b>
(000s)	Revenue	Royalties	Costs	Costs	Costs	Income Taxes	Taxes	Income Taxes
Proved								
Developed producing	\$1,211,743	\$124,043	\$769,211	\$43,107	\$714,889	\$(439,507)	\$0	\$(439,507)
Developed non-	\$90.391	\$11.949	\$33.693	\$3.209	\$0	\$41.540	\$0	\$41,540
producing	\$90,391	Ş11,949	\$33,093	\$3,209	ŞΟ	Ş41,540	ŞU	\$41,540
Undeveloped	\$2,409,287	\$230,397	\$774,615	\$860,801	\$15,848	\$527,627	\$0	\$527,627
Total Proved	\$3,711,421	\$366,389	\$1,577,519	\$907,116	\$730,737	\$129,660	\$0	\$129,660
Probable	\$6,841,266	\$803,065	\$2,466,873	\$1,284,825	\$30,721	\$2,255,782	\$0	\$2,255,782
Total proved plus probable	\$10,552,686	\$1,169,454	\$4,044,391	\$2,191,941	\$761,458	\$2,385,442	\$0	\$2,385,442

(1) Abandonment, Decommissioning, Reclamation

Future Net Revenue by Production Group		
(Discounted at 10%)	Future Net Revenue	
	before Income Taxes	Unit Value <sup>(3)</sup>
	(000s)	(\$/boe or \$/Mcf)
Proved		· · · ·
Light and medium crude oil <sup>(1)</sup>	\$(239,104)	\$(38.70)
Heavy oil <sup>(1)</sup>	\$176	\$6.93
Tight oil <sup>(1)</sup>	\$1,250	\$12.45
Conventional Natural gas <sup>(2)</sup>	\$108,252	\$1.13
Coalbed methane	\$44	\$0.35
Shale Gas	\$400,156	\$1.16
Total Proved	\$270,773	
Proved plus probable		
Light and medium crude oil <sup>(1)</sup>	\$(297,671)	\$(34.37)
Heavy oil <sup>(1)</sup>	\$215	\$6.58
Tight oil <sup>(1)</sup>	\$30,694	\$5.16
Conventional Natural gas <sup>(2)</sup>	\$157,006	\$1.09
Coalbed methane	\$51	\$0.32
Shale Gas	\$1,144,386	\$1.13
Total Proved plus probable	\$1,034,680	

(1) Including solution gas, other by-products, oil and gas facilities, production maintenance, ADR cost

(2) Including by-products but excluding natural gas from oil wells

(3) Calculated using net oil or net gas reserves and forecast prices and cost assumptions

#### **Pricing Assumptions**

The forecast cost and price assumptions include increases in wellhead selling prices and take into account inflation with respect to future operating and capital costs. The estimated future net revenue to be derived from the production of the reserves includes an inflation rate assumption of 2% per year starting in 2022, together with the following price forecasts supplied by McDaniel.

	West Texas			
	Intermediate	Edmonton Light	Natural Gas	Foreign
	Crude Oil	Crude Oil	At AECO	Exchange
Year	(\$US/Bbl)	(\$Cdn/Bbl)	(\$Cdn/MMbtu)	(\$US/\$Cdn)
2021	\$47.50	\$57.24	\$2.75	0.76
2022	\$51.00	\$61.74	\$2.65	0.76
2023	\$52.02	\$62.97	\$2.55	0.76
2024	\$53.06	\$64.23	\$2.60	0.76
2025	\$54.12	\$65.52	\$2.65	0.76
2026	\$55.20	\$66.83	\$2.70	0.76
2027	\$56.31	\$68.16	\$2.76	0.76
2028	\$57.43	\$69.53	\$2.81	0.76
2029	\$58.58	\$70.92	\$2.87	0.76
2030	\$59.75	\$72.33	\$2.93	0.76
2031	\$60.95	\$73.78	\$2.99	0.76
2032	\$62.17	\$75.26	\$3.05	0.76
2033	\$63.41	\$76.76	\$3.11	0.76
2024	\$64.68	\$78.30	\$3.17	0.76
2035 (Escalation of 2% thereafter)	\$65.97	\$79.86	\$3.23	0.76

Weighted average historical prices realized by Sinopec Daylight for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$2.11 per Mcf for natural gas, \$42.16 per Bbl for light oil (\$42.11 per Bbl for HVL) and \$7.10 per Bbl for NGLs. Sinopec Daylight Energy Ltd. | Results for the year ended December 31, 2020



#### **Reserves Reconciliation**

<b>Reconciliation of Gross Reserv</b>	es					
	Light	and Medium	Oil		Heavy Oil	
		F	Proved plus		I	Proved plus
	Proved	Probable	Probable	Proved	Probable	Probable
	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)
December 31, 2019	8,497	3,110	11,607	40	11	51
Extensions and improved	-	-	-	-	-	-
recovery						
Technical revisions	635	(88)	547	10	1	10
Discoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispositions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expired Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic factors	(1,227)	(10)	(1,237)	(20)	(4)	(24)
Production	(693)	-	(693)	(6)	-	(6)
December 31, 2020	7,212	3,012	10,224	24	7	31

#### **Reconciliation of Gross Reserves**

	Tight Oil			Natural Gas Liquids				
		F	Proved plus		Proved plus			
	Proved	Probable	Probable	Proved	Probable	Probable		
	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)		
December 31, 2019	3,381	3,895	7,276	50,611	42,447	93,058		
Extensions and improved	-	-	-	-	-	-		
recovery								
Technical revisions	43	(171)	(128)	(13,139)	15,097	1,959		
Discoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Dispositions	-	-	-	(0)	(0)	(0)		
Expired Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic factors	(3,316)	3,085	(232)	(1,982)	504	(1,479)		
Production	(4)	-	(4)	(1,645)	-	(1,645)		
December 31, 2020	103	6,809	6,912	33,845	58,048	91,894		



Reconciliation	of Gross Reserves	
----------------	-------------------	--

<b>Conventional Natural Gas</b>			Shale Gas			
	F	Proved plus			Proved plus	
Proved	Probable	Probable	Proved	Probable	Probable	
(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	
106,664	48,178	154,843	526,438	458,508	984,947	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
31,282	8,074	39,355	(110,042)	287,312	177,269	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
(2)	(1)	(3)	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
(9,108)	(453)	(9,561)	(27,924)	13,295	(14,629)	
(15,113)	-	(15,113)	(19,303)	-	(19,303)	
113,722	55,798	169,521	369,168	759,115	1,128,283	
	Proved ( <i>MMcf</i> ) 106,664 - 31,282 - (2) - (9,108) (15,113)	Proved Probable   (MMcf) (MMcf)   106,664 48,178   - -   31,282 8,074   - -   (2) (1)   - -   (9,108) (453)   (15,113) -	Proved Probable Probable   (MMcf) (MMcf) (MMcf)   106,664 48,178 154,843   - - -   31,282 8,074 39,355   - - -   (2) (1) (3)   - - -   (9,108) (453) (9,561)   (15,113) - (15,113)	Proved Probable Probable Proved   (MMcf) (MMcf) (MMcf) (MMcf)   106,664 48,178 154,843 526,438   - - - -   31,282 8,074 39,355 (110,042)   - - - -   (2) (1) (3) -   (9,108) (453) (9,561) (27,924)   (15,113) - (15,113) (19,303)	Proved Probable Probable Proved Probable Probable Proved Probable Probable (MMcf)	

#### **Reconciliation of Gross Reserves**

	Coalbed Methane			Oil Equivalent			
		F	Proved plus		Proved plus		
	Proved	Probable	Probable	Proved	Probable	Probable	
	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(Mboe)	(Mboe)	(Mboe)	
December 31, 2019	289	69	358	168,094	133,922	302,016	
Extensions and improved	-	-	-	-	-	-	
recovery							
Technical revisions	(117)	(13)	(130)	(25,597)	64,068	38,470	
Discoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dispositions	-	-	-	(0)	(0)	(1)	
Expired Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic factors	10	(19)	(10)	(12,716)	5,711	(7,004)	
Production	(46)	-	(46)	(8,092)	-	(8 <i>,</i> 092)	
December 31, 2020	135	37	172	121,688	203,701	325,389	

#### Additional Information Relating to Reserves Data

#### Undeveloped Reserves

Undeveloped reserves are attributed by McDaniel in accordance with standards and procedures contained in the COGE Handbook. Proved undeveloped reserves are those reserves that can be estimated with a high degree of certainty and are expected to be recovered from known accumulations where a significant expenditure is required to place them on production. Probable undeveloped reserves are those reserves that are less certain to be recovered than proved reserves and are expected to be recovered from known accumulations where a significant expenditure is required to place them on production.

We do not intend to carry proved undeveloped reserves for long periods of time unless there is a good reason not to produce these reserves in the short term. Where there is sufficient economic justification, we intend to take steps to accelerate and enhance production. These steps could involve dually completing and/or re-drilling to twin wells for secondary zones.

About 42% of our total proved plus probable undeveloped reserves are attributed to proved undeveloped locations. The remaining 58% results from identified drilling locations which do not yet meet the required confidence factor or development timeframe for a booking in the proved category.



For the year ended December 31, 2020, \$34 million was spent on capital expenditures including land and property acquisitions, net of dispositions. A portion of the 2021 development capital is planned to be used to convert proved undeveloped reserves and probable reserves into proved developed producing reserves. Allocating capital to properties and timing of development is based on the economics and performance of the respective properties.

We plan to continue pursuing development opportunities such as drilling, completions and facilities upgrades in order to convert proved undeveloped and probable reserves into proved developed producing reserves. In instances where land rights are expected to expire within one year, we may engage in farmout arrangements which would eliminate the potential expiry and possibly result in certain proved undeveloped and probable reserves becoming proved developed producing reserves.

There are a number of factors that could result in delayed or cancelled development, including the following: (i) changing economic conditions (due to pricing, operating and capital expenditure fluctuations); (ii) changing technical conditions (including production anomalies, such as water breakthrough or accelerated depletion); (iii) multi-zone developments (for instance, a prospective formation completion may be delayed until the initial completion is no longer economic); (iv) a larger development program may need to be spread out over several years to optimize capital allocation and facility utilization; and (v) surface access issues (including those relating to land owners, weather conditions and regulatory approvals).

#### Proved Undeveloped Reserves

The following table discloses, for each product type, the volumes of current proved undeveloped reserves that were first attributed in each of the most recent three financial years and, in the aggregate, before that time. In the following table, "First Attributed" refers to reserves first attributed at year-end of the corresponding fiscal year.

Proved Undeveloped Reserves	5					
	Light and M	ledium Oil	Heavy	Oil	Tight Oil	
	First	Total at	First	Total at	First	Total at
	Attributed	Year-end	Attributed	Year-end	Attributed	Year-end
	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)
2017	-	707	-	-	-	2,136
2018	-	704	-	-	-	2,136
2019	681	1,348	-	-	894	3,285
2020	-	1,192	_	-	-	-

Proved Undeveloped Res	erves					
	Conventional	Natural Gas	Shale	Gas	Natural Gas Liquids	
	First	Total at	First	Total at	First	Total at
	Attributed	Year-end	Attributed	Year-end	Attributed	Year-end
	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)
2017	5,778	39,143	8,819	424,225	620	23,820
2018	-	18,710	48,565	445,919	2,753	22,238
2019	294	12,405	137,462	444,794	12,795	40,926
2020	-	22,499	-	280,454	-	24,182



#### **Proved Undeveloped Reserves**

	Oil Equiv	Oil Equivalent		
	First	Total at		
	Attributed	Year-end		
	(Mboe)	(Mboe)		
2017	3,053	103,890		
2018	10,847	102,516		
2019	37,330	121,759		
2020	-	75,866		

Approximately 88% of Sinopec Daylight's future capital associated with proved undeveloped reserves is scheduled for expenditure in 2021 to 2025, the remaining is associated with facilities and capitalized maintenance on existing wells. The major areas of development are the Wapiti and Brazeau (Rock Creek) properties, which represent 86% of the total proved undeveloped future development costs and 93% of the total proved undeveloped capital and reserves are primarily associated with the Fox Creek (Duvernay) and Tomahawk areas.

#### Probable Undeveloped Reserves

. . . . .

.

- -

The following table discloses, for each product type, the volumes of current probable undeveloped reserves that were first attributed in each of the most recent three financial years and, in the aggregate, before that time. In the following table, "First Attributed" refers to reserves first attributed at year-end of the corresponding fiscal year.

Probable Undeveloped Reserves							
	Light and M	edium Oil	Heavy	/ Oil	Tight Oil		
	First	Total at	First	Total at	First	Total at	
	Attributed	Year-end	Attributed	Year-end	Attributed	Year-end	
	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)	
2017	-	378	-	-	479	5,078	
2018	-	377	-	-	-	4,435	
2019	282	633	-	-	183	3,884	
2020	-	1,044	-	-	-	6,790	

Probable Undeveloped Reserves								
	Conventional Natural Gas		Shale	Gas	Natural Gas Liquids			
	First	Total at	First	Total at	First	Total at		
	Attributed	Year-end	Attributed	Year-end	Attributed	Year-end		
	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MMcf)	(MBbl)	(MBbl)		
2017	8,165	43,255	92,400	480,891	3,401	21,844		
2018	-	25,915	34,686	571,498	1,272	22,529		
2019	122	19,720	67,562	434,256	5,937	39,482		
2020	-	31,374	-	739,332	-	55,879		



Probable Undeveloped Reser	ves			
	Oil Equivalent			
	First	Total at		
	Attributed	Year-end		
	(Mboe)	(Mboe)		
2017	20,641	114,658		
2018	7,053	126,909		
2019	17,682	119,662		
2020	-	192,114		

Approximately 46% of Sinopec Daylight's future capital associated with total proved plus probable undeveloped reserves is scheduled for expenditure in 2021 and 2025. The major areas of development are the Wapiti and Karr properties, which represent 88% of the total proved plus probable undeveloped future development costs and 92% of the total proved plus probable undeveloped reserves. The remaining total proved plus probable undeveloped capital and reserves are primarily associated with the Brazeau (Rock Creek) and Fox Creek (Duvernay) areas.

#### Significant Factors or Uncertainties Affecting Reserves Data

The process of evaluating reserves is inherently complex and such evaluations are estimates only. Our reserves have been evaluated and audited by McDaniel, an independent engineering firm. The reserve evaluation process requires significant judgments and decisions based on available geological, geophysical, engineering and economic data. These estimates may change substantially as additional data from ongoing development activities and production performance becomes available and as economic conditions impacting oil and gas prices and costs change. The reserve estimates contained herein are based on current production forecasts, geological evaluation, engineering data, prices and economic conditions. These factors and assumptions include among others: (i) historical production in the area compared with production rates from analogous producing areas; (ii) initial production rates; (iii) production decline rates; (iv) ultimate recovery of reserves; (v) success of future development activities; (vi) marketability of production; (vii) effects of government regulations; and (viii) other government levies imposed over the life of the reserves. As circumstances change and additional data becomes available, reserve estimates also change. Estimates are reviewed and revised, either upward or downward, as warranted by the new information. Revisions are often required due to changes in well performance, prices, economic conditions and governmental restrictions. Revisions to reserve estimates can arise from changes in year-end prices, reservoir performance and geologic conditions or production. These revisions can be either positive or negative. High operating costs substantially reduce our netback, which in turn reduces the amount of cash available for reinvestment in drilling opportunities. This becomes most relevant during periods of low commodity prices when profits are more significantly impacted by high costs.

Our oil and gas properties have no material extraordinary risks or uncertainties beyond those which are inherent in other oil and gas producing companies.

#### Future Development Costs

The following table sets forth development costs deducted in the estimation of the future net revenue attributable to the reserve categories noted below.



Future Development Costs (undiscounted)		Proved Plus
	Proved	Probable
(000s)	Reserves	Reserves
2021	\$35,860	\$36,914
2022	\$97,891	\$152,591
2023	\$190,835	\$235,441
2024	\$226,431	\$282,663
2025	\$232,245	\$297,037
Remaining	\$123,855	\$1,187,296
Total	\$907,116	\$2,191,941

Future development costs are capital expenditures required in the future for us to convert proved non-producing reserves and probable reserves into proved developed producing reserves. We anticipate using a combination of internally generated cash provided by operating activities, and, as required, financing from Sinopec International Petroleum Exploration and Production Corporation ("SIPC") and external sources to fund these future development costs. Sinopec Daylight has the support of its operating parent, SIPC, which provides financial support as required. Based on the commodity price and cost assumptions adopted for the forecast prices and costs case, all the expenditures included in the future development costs are economic as they enhance the net present values of the proved developed producing reserves.

The interest or other costs of external funding are not included in the reserves and future net revenue estimates set forth herein and would reduce reserves and future net revenue to some degree depending upon the funding sources utilized. We do not anticipate that interest or other funding costs would make development of any of these properties uneconomic.



#### Overview

Our operational strategies and activities are directed toward maximizing value over the long-term. We intend to utilize our extensive operating experience and employ prudent oil and natural gas business practices to increase value through development and optimization activities on both existing and acquired oil and natural gas properties. We expect to achieve this value creation through an active development program directed towards lower risk development, continuous optimization of our assets and active management of risk.

Optimization of our assets will take the form of debottlenecking, compression, installation or enhancement of artificial lift, water injection, fluid handling and fluid processing, facility optimization, and other activities. These activities are usually smaller projects with attractive rates of return given the limited capital investment required and rapid payback. We expect to use a variety of technical and operating experts, both internal and external, to achieve these results.

We currently focus our development activities in the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin. Our development activities are expected to be funded by internally generated cash provided by operating activities, intercompany financing and external sources. We do not anticipate that the costs of funding these development activities will have a material effect on our disclosed oil and gas reserves or future net revenue attributable to those reserves.

#### **Description of Principal Oil and Natural Gas Properties**

The following is a description of the principal oil and natural gas properties in which we have an interest. Unless otherwise specified, production estimates, gross and net acres and well count information are as at December 31, 2020. Reserve amounts are stated, before deduction of royalties as at December 31, 2020, based on forecast cost and price assumptions as evaluated in the McDaniel Report. The estimates of reserves and future net revenue for individual properties may not reflect the same confidence level as estimates of reserves and future net revenue for all properties due to the effects of aggregation.

#### Pembina Cash Generating Unit

The Pembina CGU comprises Sinopec Daylight's Brazeau, Tomahawk, and Warburg properties, in addition to a number of minor properties.

The Brazeau property is located approximately 145 kilometers southwest of Edmonton, Alberta near the community of Drayton Valley. Sinopec Daylight operates three significant facilities for the processing of sour oil and the compression of gas in the Brazeau area. The gas is shipped for final processing at the neighboring Brazeau River Complex with the option to flow to other processing plants in the area.

The Warburg and Tomahawk properties are located approximately 30 kilometers east of Drayton Valley. Sinopec Daylight operates a number of sweet oil facilities in the Warburg/Tomahawk area. The previously operating sour facility in Tomahawk is still in operation, processing only sweet crude since the permanent shut-in of the Minnehik Buck Lake sour gas plant.

The majority of reserves in the Pembina area are associated with the Rock Creek, Cardium, Ellerslie, Nisku, and Belly River formations with additional reserves assigned to various other cretaceous zones. Total proved plus probable reserves in the McDaniel Report are approximately 35 MMboe for our interests in this area at year end 2020.

#### West Central Cash Generating Unit

The West Central properties are primarily located approximately 230 kilometers northwest of Edmonton, Alberta. The West Central area contains five significant sub-properties: Fox Creek (Duvernay), Medicine Lodge, Oldman, Ansell South, Marlboro, and a number of minor properties. The major producing formations in the West Central area are the liquids-rich Duvernay, Wilrich, and Notikewin zones.

Total proved plus probable reserves in the McDaniel Report are approximately 16 MMboe to our interests in this area at year end 2020.



#### Peace River Arch Cash Generating Unit

The Peach River Arch (PRA) CGU comprises 3 major properties, Wapiti, Karr, and Elmworth in addition to a number of minor properties in proximity to the City of Grande Prairie, in northwest Alberta. In Wapiti and Karr, development and production is primarily in the Montney formation, which is being developed with horizontal wells. In Elmworth, reserves are developed with both vertical and horizontal gas wells and production is commingled from the Cadotte, Falher, Bluesky, Gething, Cadomin, and Nikanassin formations. Sinopec Daylight has identified numerous additional Montney horizontal well opportunities in the PRA area. McDaniel has assigned total proved plus probable reserves of approximately 275 MMboe to our interest in this area at year end 2020.

#### Oil and Natural Gas Wells

The following table sets forth the number and status of wells in which we had a working interest as at December 31, 2020. Although many wells produce both oil and natural gas, a well is categorized as an oil well or a natural gas well based upon the proportion of oil or natural gas production that constitutes the majority of production from that well.

Number and Status of Wells								
Oil Wells					1	Natural G	as Wells	
	Producing Non-Producing		ucing	Produc	ing	Non-Producing		
	Gross <sup>(1)</sup>	Net	Gross <sup>(1)</sup>	Net	Gross <sup>(1)</sup>	Net	Gross <sup>(1)</sup>	Net
Alberta	391	314	221	168	622	303	330	196
British Columbia	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Saskatchewan	1	0	9	3	3	2	13	4
Total	392	314	231	172	625	305	343	200

(1) Gross wells include unit wells

#### **Properties with no Attributed Reserves**

The following table sets out our undeveloped land holdings as at December 31, 2020. Our undeveloped land holdings have no reserves attributed to them.

Undeveloped Land Holdings	Undeveloped Acres			
	Gross	Net		
Alberta	405,067	285,826		
British Columbia	10,467	5,048		
Saskatchewan	0	0		
Total	415,534	290,874		

We expect that rights to explore, develop and exploit 93,201 net acres of our undeveloped land holdings will be subject to potential expiry within one year. We have no material work commitments on such properties. Where we determine appropriate, we may continue expiring leases by either making the necessary applications to extend or by performing the necessary work. Sinopec Daylight calculates gross undeveloped acres by including undrilled spacing units in each lease or license where we have a working interest. The net undeveloped acreage is calculated by multiplying the gross acreage by our working interest percentage.

There are several economic factors and significant uncertainties that affect the anticipated development of Sinopec Daylight's properties with no attributed reserves. Sinopec Daylight will be required to make substantial capital expenditures in order to prove, exploit, develop and produce oil and natural gas from these properties in the future.